

#### World Class Power Solutions



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# Industrial UPS, three phase output

**ENERTRONIC P Range** 



BENNING World Class Power Solutions



#### General

The requirement for power supply reliability is growing, due to the increasing application of information and data carrier systems, text processing, automated production processes and complex data networks.





Fig. 1: Possible Irregularities

Irregularities due to loading of the public power supply by major users, peak-time use or by lightning strikes cannot be avoided.

The result is:

Mains voltage breaks, spikes and transients. (Fig. 1)

Static UPS's are being installed increasingly for loads that require AC voltages unaffected by interference on the mains e.g.

- Data processing installations
- Process control computers
- Air safety installations
- Signalling, alarm systems
- Telecommunication systems
- Power- and Substations

#### Design

Due to the use of IGBT transistors of the newest technology in the rectifier and in the inverter, the new ENERTRONIC P range fulfills the highest reliability for power supplies and is very economical.

This results in an input power factor of  $\geq$  0,99 and an input distortion factor of < 5 %.

The exceptional characteristics of this inverter in the ENERTRONIC P series results in very small dynamic voltage deviations even in the case of one hundred percent load changes.

A combination of a 16-bit micro-controller and the latest power electronics is responsible for controlling and monitoring of all rectifier, inverter and static switch functions with highest reliability. A static switch and a manual bypass switch are integrated in the unit.

In the front of the cabinet there is a plastic foil keyboard with 6 keys, 4 three coloured and 2 single coloured LED's and a mimic diagram.

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## ENERTRONIC P an uninterrupptible power supply

#### Function

The static UPS not only has the task of supplying the connected consumers continuously and without interruption, but beyond that to also provide a clear improvement of the voltage and frequency quality in relation to the normal system. In normal operation the load is supplied by the input autotransformer, rectifier, inverter and output transformer route.

The ENERTRONIC P is designed to meet the highest UPS classification VFI SS 111 in accordance with EN 62040-2.





Fig. 4: Interior view

#### Rectifier

The rectifier consists of an IGBT bridge with power factor correction (power factor = 1), converting the three phase mains voltage via an autotransformer (optional isolated transformer) into a controlled DC voltage to supply the inverter and to recharge the connected battery or to keep the battery in optimum capacity in float charge condition.

The rectifier is able to supply the fully loaded inverter and to recharge the discharged battery to 95 % of its capacity within 12 hours.

The rectifier is equipped with a software controlled soft start to start the rectifier on a ramp after mains failure.

The restart of parallel systems is done in steps so that not all UPS's are starting at the same time.

The rectifier is also equipped with an IU charging characteristic in accordance with the information of the battery manufacturer, with the option of battery temperature compensation.

#### Inverter

The inverter power block changes DC voltage into a single or three phase sinusoidal AC voltage with constant amplitude and stable frequency. The output voltage is independent of line disturbances or power failures.

The unit works with an IGBT inverter bridge with pulse width modulation having a high efficiency in the partial load range as well as achieving a low distortion factor at non linear load.

In the event of mains interruption or failure, the battery connected to the DC input is brought in automatically and without interruption to supply current. If the battery becomes discharged this is reported. If the battery discharge limit is exceeded, the inverter automatically turns off and a warning is given shortly before the discharged voltage limit is reached.

Automatic change-over of the load to the bypass mains or a suitable spare supply occurs if the supply from the inverter falls outside the preset tolerances.

# ENERTRONIC P

# multi utilities

#### Static Bypass

The static bypass of the UPS facilitates uninterrupted changeover to direct mains supply (bypass mains), keeping within the specified tolerances. The change-over can be initiated manually or automatically by a control signal. The µP monitoring is autonomous and prevents incorrect operation of the UPS and any illogical switching functions of the static bypass.

Thus, for example, an uninterrupted change-over, whether automatic or manual, is only possible when the voltage, frequency and phase conditions of the inverter are synchronised with the bypass mains. Mains frequency deviations, which lie outside the preset tolerances cause blocking of the changeover, or if the inverter fails, a change-over with an interruption.

A change back can only occur to a functioning inverter, and is in everycase uninterrupted even if the mains should fail on a test change-over.



Internal manual bypass Each UPS is equipped with a maintenance bypass with manually operated switch. When operated, the ENERTRONIC P is completely disconnected from the load. The supply to the load is now directly from the mains via the manual bypass. (Fig. 5)

Option

auxiliary contact.

possible.

**Parallel Operation** 

For power plant applications where higher than normal fault three phase clearing current is required, it is possible to specify an option for 4 x I nominal system output. Depending on the output power, a bigger cabinet may be required.

The static bypass consists of a microprocessor-controlled

anti parallel thyristor block. It can be activated manually with

a push button, in order to test the change-over. The change-

over from inverter to the mains and back takes place in a

The static bypass has an overload capability of 150 % for

After the presence of an overload or a short-circuit, it auto-

matically resets the load to the inverter, if normal operation is

10 min. and 1000 % (three phase output) for 100 ms.

For redundancy or increased output power, up to eight

ENERTRONIC P units can be connected in parallel, operating in

an active load-sharing mode with active and passive master.

Half load parallel operation is achieved using two separate bus bars, connected with a coupling switch. The state of the

coupling switch is relayed to the microprocessor, via an

synchronised operation without a break.

#### **Front Panel**

The operation of the UPS is made by a plastic foil keyboard with 6 keys, 4 three coloured and 2 single coloured LED's. There is a mimic diagram on the operating section. The operating condition and any operational disturbances are represented by the multi colour LED's. (Fig. 6)



There is a 4-line, 80-digit LC display in the operating section for reading information and/or for clear guidance by the menu. Control of the operating section takes place via the display controller, which communicates over the CAN bus with the controller board.

In addition, the most important operating and fault signals are indicated by 13 single LED's.

#### **Rectifier:**

• input current of each phase
<ul> <li>frequency</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>output current (with</li> </ul>
three phase output
of each phase)
<ul> <li>apparent power</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>real power</li> </ul>

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# ENERTRONIC P remote management - proofed and convenient

#### Parallel Handling

A UPS system provides security for a critical application. Purchasing a parallel redundant system, provides even further security. Consequently it is necessary to consider parallel systems as a single unit. Critical measurements, such as battery autonomy are calculated and expressed for the combined system.

A shutdown is not initiated until the parallel system is unable to deliver the load current demanded. Major system alarms are not activated unless the situation has reached a critical state. This functionality can be realised using different Power Management Solutions and Software Packages.

#### **Power Management Solutions**

- Environmental Monitoring
- Integration in Network Management System
- Integration in building Management System
- ModBus interface
- ProfiBus interface
- Remote Monitoring System through WEB
- Remote Monitoring System with SNMP
- Redundant UPS Monitoring
- Integration in Multivendor/ Multiplatform environments
- Extensive alarm handling/ Dispatching



#### UPSMAN/UPSMON - CS121 Web / Adapter UPS functions

UPS-Management	UPS-Management	CS121 – SNMP	UPS-Management				
software for Windows	software for	Web Manager®	software for				
95/98/2000/NT/XP®	Novell NetWare®		Unix <sup>®</sup> /Mac OS <sup>®</sup> systems				
	UPS – Standard functions/warning						
e.g. b	attery low/power failure/overload/U	PS connection restored/System shut	tdown				
	UPS – Extended for	unctions/warnings					
e.g. Inver	e.g. Inverter overload/Fuse blown/Rectifier mains fault/Inverter feeding/Battery switch open						
UPS – send UPS shutdown signal							
UPS – SNMP redundancy capability (USW software)							
Graphic display UPSMON/HTML/JAVA							
Environmental monitoring		Environmental monitoring					
<ul> <li>Facility management e.g.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Facility management e.g.</li> </ul>					
BENNING Sitemanager,	—	BENNING Sitemanager,	—				
Sitemonitor, Tempman,		Sitemonitor, Tempman,					
Siteswitch		Siteswitch					

# ENERTRONIC P technical data

#### **Technical Data**

ENERTRONIC P 3-3 with three phase input and three phase output - DIN Type: D400 D400/...../2 rfg-UDG.... Nominal power cos.  $\phi$  0,8: [kVA] 60, 80, 120

#### Type ENERTRONIC P

UPS Nominal output power (cos. $\phi$ =0,8 ind.): [KV	kVA] 60	80	120
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#### Type ENERTRONIC P

Max. input power:	[kVA]	66	88	129
Nominal input power without battery charging:	[kVA]	58	75	108
Nominal input current without battery charging (at 400 V):	[A]	84	109	156
Max. input current with high rate charging (at 400 V):	[A]	96	127	186
Transformer:	Cond.	autotransformer (optional galvanically isolated)		
Input power factor:	[cos. φ]	$[0, \varphi] \ge 0.99 (0.97 \text{ already at } 25\% \text{ load })$		
Nominal input voltage:	[V]	3/N 400 V ± 15%		
Nominal input frequency:	[Hz]	50 Hz ± 5%		
Mains distortion (at 100% load):	[%]	≤5		
Current ripple:		< 5 A / 100 Ah		
		2	< 5 A / 100 Ah	
Battery data			600	pee.
Becommended number of battery cells:			180 - 204	

	6	0	1
1	N	P	
	N		00
			200
	SI		
	an		
11 21		NA.	1

Recommended number of battery cells:			180 - 204	
Max. charging current:	[A]	26	34	52
				1
Inverter data ENERTRONIC P 3-3				
Inverter input voltage:	[V]	A DE LA DE L	317 - 470	
Nominal input real power	100			
(with load cos. $\varphi$ =0,8 ind.):	[kW]	49	65.5	98
Nominal output real power (cos. $\phi=1$ ):	[kW]	48	64	96
Nominal output current (cos. $\phi=0,8$ ):	[A]	87	116	173
Nominal output current (cos. $\varphi = 1$ ):	[A]	70	92	139
Nominal output voltage:	[V]	3/N	1 400 V (adjustable $\pm$ 5%)	
Nominal output frequency:	[Hz]		50	
Transformer:			galvanically isolated	
Voltage tolerance:				
- static	[%]		± 1	
- 50% asymmetric load	[%]		± 1	
- 100% asymmetric load	[%]	± 3		
- dynamic with 100% load change	[%]	< 5		
Regulation time:	[msec]	< 10		
Angle deviation:				
- symmetric load		< 1°		
- 50% asymmetric load		< 2°		
- 100% asymmetric load			< 3°	
Frequency tolerance: - mains synchronised	[%]	$\pm$ 1 (synchronisation range $\pm$ 4)		4)
- self synchronised	[%]		± 0.1	
Distortion factor (acc. EN 62040-1): - linear load	[%]	<1		
- non linear load	[%]	< 5		
Crest factor:			≥ 3	
Overload: - 3ph	[%]	150%	% 60 sec., 125 % 10 min.	
- 1ph / N	[%]	220% 60 sec., 180% 10 min.		
Short-circuit behaviour: - 3ph	[%]	200% 3 sec.		
- 1ph / N			350% 3 sec.	
·		Inverter itself is short circuit proof, switch OFF after		
		max. 3 seconds if bypass mains is not available (EN 62040)		
Inverter efficiency				· /
with nominal load (cos. $\phi$ 0,8):	[%]		≥ 94	

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### ENERTRONIC P general data

**Technical Data** 

#### Type ENERTRONIC P

Type ENERTRONIC P				
UPS Nominal output power (cos. $\phi$ =0,8 ind.):	[kVA]	60	80	120

#### General data

General data					
Over all efficiency (AC to AC) without battery charging	:				_
- 100% load		92	92	92	
- 75 % load		92	92	92	
- 50 % load		91	91	91	-
- 25 % load		89	89	89	
Heat dissipation: - 100% load	[kW]	4.7	5.9	8.3	-
- 0% load	[kW]	2.3	2.3	3.2	-
Noise level with 1 m distance:	[dB(A)]	≤63		≤65	1 States
Permitted ambient temp.:	[°C]	0 to +-	40 (daily average $\leq 3$	5)	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Relative humidity:	[%]	5 - 9	95 without condensin	g	1
Permitted installation height:	[m]	< 1000 m ab	ove sea level without	derating	-
Humidity class:		DI	N/IEC 721 2-1-09/86		
Protection degree:		IP 20 (DIN/VDE 0470 p	part 11/92 IEC 529) /	others optional	
Radio interference:	000	EN 50091-2	standard class A (opti	ional class B)	
Dimensions: (Width)	[mm]		800		
(Depth):	[mm]		800		1
(Height):	[mm]	2000 (	optional 2200 height)	2	- / 💹
Weight:	[kg]	900	900	1100	1
Cooling: forced cooled with speed controlle equipped with air flaps, which clos power blocks and transformers are after temperature increase switch	e in cas e temper	e of fan failure, fans can be c ature monitored, prewarning	hanged from front, will be sent out,		
Cable entry:		from bottom (optional from		et, width 200 mm)	- //
Painting:		RAL 7035, structured pow		,	- / /
Static bypass					- //
Nominal voltage:	[V]		400 / 230		- //
Nominal frequency:	[Hz]		50		
Over load: - 10 min.	[%]		150		_
- 100 msec.	[%]	1000			
Transfer limits:	[%]	U ± 10; F ± 5			_
Inverter/Bypass transfer time:			· ·		_
- inverter failure	[msec]	<1			
- overload or manual transfer	[msec]				
		interlock when trans	fer was activated 5 t	imes within a minute	
Bypass/inverter transfer time:	[msec]		< 1		_
Other options		e.g. by	pass transformer on	request.	_
		6,	•	•	_

Battery:
<ul> <li>volta</li> </ul>
• char
<b>Bypass:</b>
• inpu

Battery:	
<ul> <li>voltage</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>remaining back up time</li> </ul>
charge/discharge current	<ul> <li>remaining capacity</li> </ul>
Bypass:	
<ul> <li>input voltage (with</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>input current (with three</li> </ul>
three phase output	phase output of each
phase/phase or phase/	phase)
neutral conductor)	frequency

An event recorder stores each occurring event (push button operation, switching events and error) with date and time. Up to 1200 entries can be stored.

The following information is indicated via 6 volt free change over contacts:

- mains operation (mains OK) manual bypass activated
  - low battery voltage

common alarm

battery operation bypass operation

As serial interfaces a RS232 and RS485 each with MODBus protocol is provided as standard, additionally an analogue output with 0 or 4 to 20 mA is included which can be programmed with an internal value, e.g. output power.

Digital inputs:

- EMERGENCY POWER
   OFF (EP0)
   remote ON/OFF
- inhibit battery charging
  generator operation
- inhibit bypass operation

As an option an additional relay card with 6 relays and an additional interface card with a RS232 and RS485 can be build in, also a Profibus interface and network interface (TCP/IP) can be added.